

entry is permitted by § 143.21(j) may be cleared as follows:

(1) For products of the United States returned for the purposes of repair or alteration prior to reexportation. Customs Form 3311 will serve as informal entry.

(2) For products of the United States after having been either rejected or returned by the foreign purchaser for credit, Customs Form 7501, annotated "informal entry" in the upper right hand corner, and Customs Form 3311 will serve as informal entry.

(i) A shipment of merchandise not exceeding \$2,000 in value which is imported by an express consignment operator or carrier and which meets the requirements in § 128.24 of this chapter may be entered as provided in that section.

(j) Except for mail importations (see §§ 145.31 and 145.32 of this chapter), or in the case of personal written or oral declarations (see §§ 148.12, 148.13 and 148.62 of this chapter), a shipment of merchandise not exceeding \$200 in value which qualifies for informal entry under 19 U.S.C. 1498 and meets the requirements in § 10.151 or § 10.152 of this chapter may be entered by presenting the bill of lading or a manifest listing each bill of lading (see §§ 10.151, 10.152 and 128.24(e) of this chapter). The following information is required to be filed as a part of such entry:

- (1) Country of origin of the merchandise;
- (2) Shipper name, address and country;
- (3) Ultimate consignee name and address;
- (4) Specific description of the merchandise;
- (5) Quantity;
- (6) Shipping weight; and
- (7) Value.

[T.D. 73-175, 38 FR 17463, July 2, 1973]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 143.23, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 143.24 Preparation of Customs Form 7501 and Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered).

Customs Form 7501 may be prepared by importers or their agents or by Customs

officers when it can be presented to a Customs cashier for payment of duties and taxes and for numbering of the entry before the merchandise is examined by a Customs officer. Where there is no Customs cashier, Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered) or Customs Form 7501 must be used, and it shall be prepared by a Customs officer unless the form can be prepared under his control by the importer or agent for immediate use in clearing merchandise under the informal entry procedure. The conditions for the preparation of Customs Form 7501 by importers or their agents, as described in the first sentence of this section, do not apply to the acceptance of these entries for shipments not exceeding \$250 in value released under a special permit for immediate delivery in accordance with part 142 of this chapter.

[T.D. 84-129, 49 FR 23168, June 5, 1984, as amended by T.D. 87-75, 52 FR 26142, July 13, 1987; T.D. 89-82, 54 FR 36026, Aug. 31, 1989; T.D. 92-56, 57 FR 24944, June 12, 1992]

§ 143.25 Information on entry form.

Each Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered) or, where used, Customs Form 7501 shall contain an adequate description of the merchandise and the item number of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202), under which the merchandise is classified.

[T.D. 76-213, 41 FR 31812, July 30, 1976, as amended by T.D. 87-75, 52 FR 26142, July 13, 1987; T.D. 89-1, 53 FR 51263, Dec. 21, 1988; T.D. 92-56, 57 FR 24944, June 12, 1992]

§ 143.26 Party who may make informal entry of merchandise.

(a) *Shipments valued between \$200 and \$2,000.* A shipment of merchandise valued between \$200 and \$2,000 which qualifies for informal entry under 19 U.S.C. 1498 may be entered, using reasonable care, by the owner or purchaser of the shipment or, when appropriately designated by the owner, purchaser, or consignee of the shipment, a Customs broker licensed under 19 U.S.C. 1641.

(b) *Shipments valued at \$200 or less.* A shipment of merchandise valued at \$200 or less which qualifies for informal entry under 19 U.S.C. 1498 and meets the requirements in 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)